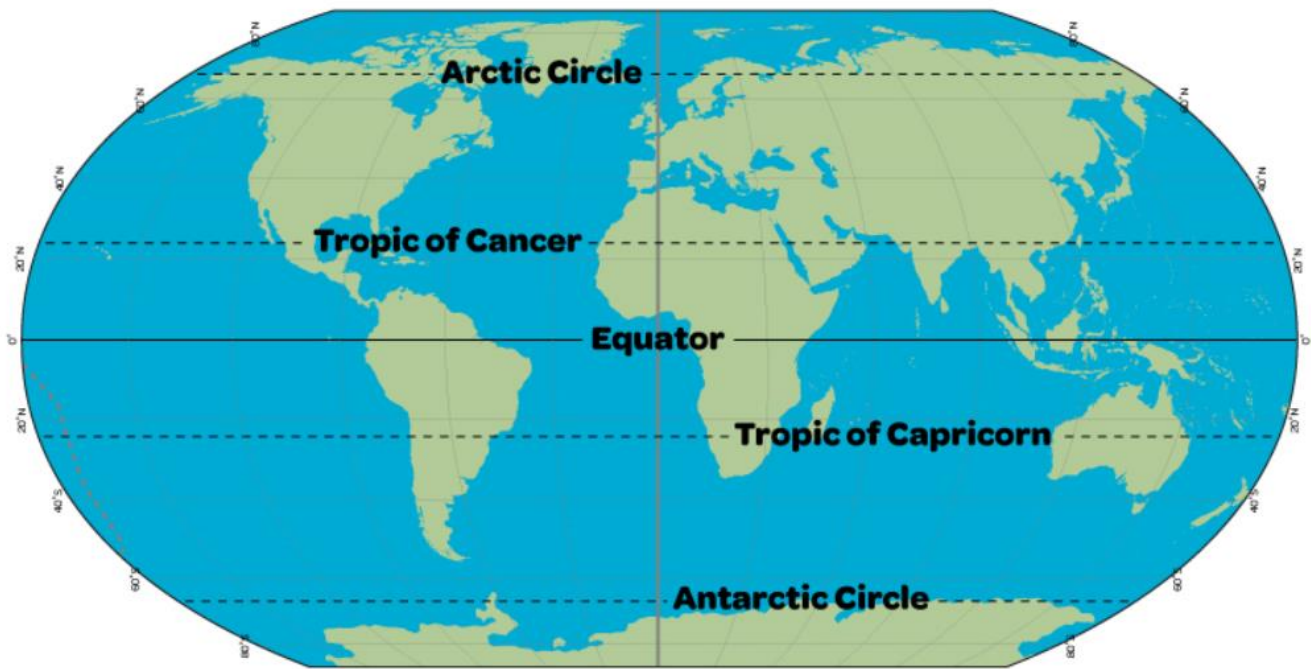


# Knowledge Organiser: Lines of Significance



<p><b>Latitude</b></p>	<p>Imaginary lines running parallel to the Equator (which is itself a line of latitude). Latitude is measured in degrees from 0° at the Equator to 90° at the North or South Pole.</p>
<p><b>Longitude</b></p>	<p>Imaginary lines which run north to south around the Earth (through the Poles). They are also known as meridians. Longitude is measured in degrees from 0° at the Prime Meridian which runs through Greenwich in London.</p>
<p><b>Hemisphere</b></p>	<p>Half a sphere. The Northern Hemisphere of the world is all the land and sea from the Equator to the North Pole and the Southern Hemisphere is all the land and sea from the Equator to the South Pole.</p>
<p><b>Season</b></p>	<p>A season is a division of the year marked by changes in weather patterns and the amount of daylight. On Earth, seasons are the result of Earth's orbit around the Sun and Earth's tilt.</p>
<p><b>Time Zone</b></p>	<p>A time zone is a region of the globe that observes a uniform standard time. Time zones tend to follow the boundaries of countries because it is convenient. However, in some large countries, like the USA, there is more than one time zone.</p>